

# SERIES 28RTS/HE GAS OR OIL WATER BOILER INSTALLATION & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS







DESIGNED AND TESTED ACCORDING TO A.S.M.E. BOILER AND PRESSURE VESSEL CODE, SECTION IV FOR A MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE WORKING PRESSURE OF: 80 PSI, 552 kPa.

WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch. Do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a phone outside of the building. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

WARNING: The only liquid fuel to be used in this boiler is #2 fuel oil. Never use gasoline, crankcase drainings, oil containing gasoline or any other liquid fuels in the boiler! Never burn garbage or paper in the boiler! Failure to comply with this warning can result in an explosion or fire causing extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

INSTALLER, READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. THEY WILL SAVE YOU VALUABLE TIME WHEN ASSEMBLING THE BOILER. THESE INSTRUCTIONS TO BE AFFIXED ADJACENT TO THE BOILER. CONSUMER. RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE PURPOSES.

FOR JACKET ASSEMBLY AND BURNER SET UP SEE SEPARATE INSTRUCTIONS.





AVERTISSMENT. Assurez-vous de bien suivre les instructions données dans cette notice pour réduire au minimum le risque d'incendie ou d'explosion ou pour éviter tout dommoge matériel, toute blessure ou la mort

Ne pas entreposer ni utiliser d'essence ou ni d'autres vapeurs ou liquides inflammables à proximité de cet appareil ou de tout autre appareil.

# QUE FAIRE SI VOUS SENTEZ UNE ODEUR DE GAZ:

- · Ne pas tenter d'allumer d'appareil.
- Ne touchez à aucun interrupteur; ne pas vous servir des téléphones se trouvant dans le bâtiment.
- Appelez immédiatement votre fournisseur de gas depuis un voisin. Suivez les instructions du fournisseur.
- Si vous ne purvez rejoindre le fournisseur, appelez le service des incendies.

L'installation et l'entretien doivent être assurés par un installateur ou un service d'entretien qualifié ou par le fournisseur de gaz.

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# **BEFORE YOU START**

This manual covers the assembly, installation, operation and maintenance of a Series RTS/HE hot water boiler.

The 28RTS/HE Series boilers are supplied completely knocked down for field assembly, knocked down but with an assembled block or as complete factory assembled packaged boilers. All boiler components should be inspected for damage upon receipt. Any damage should be immediately reported to the trucker or wholesaler. All boiler components should be stored in a clean dry area. To obtain the safe, dependable, efficient operation and long life for which this boiler was designed, these instructions must be read, understood and followed.

The Series 28RTS/HE boilers have been design certified by CSA. Each unit has been constructed and hydro-statically tested for a maximum working pressure of 80 psi for water in accordance with Section IV of the A.S.M.E. Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code for cast iron boilers.

All aspects of the boiler installation must conform to the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction, or, in the absence of such requirements, to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54-latest revision or to the Installation of Oil Burning Equipment, ANSI/NFPA 31.

Where required by the authority having jurisdiction, the installation must conform to the Standard for Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers, ANSI/ASME CSD-1.

In Canada, the installation must be in accordance with the requirements of CAN/CGA B149.1 or .2, Installation Code for Gas Burning Appliances and Equipment.

In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts the installation of a gas burner must be performed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter.

The owner should maintain a record of all service work performed with the date and a description of the work done. Include the name of the service organization for future reference.

Direct all questions to your Smith Cast Iron Boiler distributor or contact the Smith Customer Service Department. Always include the model and serial numbers from the rating plate of the boiler in question.

# **BOILER RATINGS & CAPACITIES**

Before undertaking the installation of the RTS Series boiler check the boiler rating plate to ensure that the boiler has been sized properly for the job. The "Net Ratings" specify the equivalent amount of direct cast iron radiation that the boiler can supply under normal conditions. Also ensure that the boiler has been set up for the type of fuel available at the installation site.

# **BOILER LOCATION**

### **IMPORTANT NOTE!**

A minimum distance of 3 ft, 0.9 m, must be maintained between the Back Section return port and adjacent construction behind the boiler to allow for RTS installation and removal, Figures 1 & 16.

- Locate the boiler in an area that provides good access to the unit. A minimum distance of 6 in., 0.15m must be maintained between the boiler and combustible construction. Servicing may require the removal of jacket panels so service clearances should be maintained. Allow a minimum clearance of 3 ft., 0.9 m between adjacent construction and the left side, front and smoke hood. A minimum clearance of 3 ft., 0.9 m should be maintained between adjacent construction and the right side and back of the boiler. Accessibility clearances should take precedence over minimum clearances to combustible construction, Figure 1.
- 2. An optimum site will be level, central to the piping system, close to a chimney and have adequate fresh air for combustion.
- 3. Never install the boiler on carpeting.

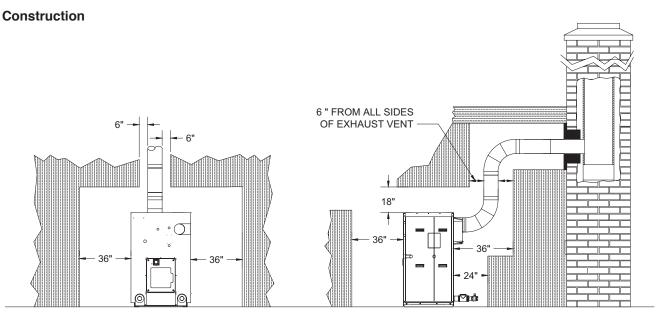
Figure 1 -Service Clearances to Adjacent

4. The boiler should be installed on a level, flat, concrete floor or pad that is structurally sound and will support the weight of the boiler. If a concrete pad is used it must be at least 2 in., 51 mm thick. Never install the boiler on a concrete floor or pad that contains wires, cables, water pipes or hoses. This boiler is designed for non combustible floors!

WARNING: Never install a RTS boiler on top of combustible flooring without consulting the local building authorities for proper installation guidelines! A minimum clearance of 6 in., 0.15 m must be maintained between the boiler and combustible construction. Failure to comply with this warning may result in a fire causing extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

- DO NOT install this boiler in a location that would subject any of the electrical components to direct contact with water or excessive moisture during operation or servicing.
- DO NOT place this boiler in a location that would restrict the introduction of combustion air into the boiler.

WARNING: Never store combustible materials, gasoline or any product containing flammable vapors or liquids in the vicinity of the boiler. Failure to comply with this warning can result in an explosion or fire causing extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!



SIOM-104 Rev A

# **COMBUSTION AIR & VENTILATION**

WARNING: This boiler must be supplied with combustion and ventilation air in accordance with the latest revision of Section 5.3, Air for Combustion & Ventilation, of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 for gas boilers or ANSI/NFPA 31 Installation of Oil Burning Equipment for oil boilers. Canadian installations must comply with CAN/CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code for gas boilers or CSA B140.7 Oil Burning Equipment for oil boilers. All applicable local building codes must be adhered to. Failure to provide adequate combustion air for this boiler can result in excessive levels of carbon monoxide which can result in severe personal injury or death!

To operate properly and safely this boiler requires a continuous supply of air for combustion. An adequate supply of air must be available to replace the air used by the combustion process. NEVER store objects on or around the boiler.

CAUTION: Never use an exhaust fan in the boiler room. The boiler room must never be under a negative pressure or improper burner operation will occur!

NOTE: Forced make-up air supplied to the boiler room must be approved by the local authorities. A minimum of 30 ft<sup>3</sup>/GAL, 0.22 m<sup>3</sup>/L for oil or 25 ft<sup>3</sup>/100 MBH (Therm), 0.024 m<sup>3</sup>/kW for gas must be provided.

### All Air From Inside The Buidling

If the boiler is to be located in a confined space minimum clearances of **24 in.**, *610 mm* must be maintained between the boiler and any adjacent construction. When installed in a confined space, two permanent openings communicating with an additional room(s) are required. The combined volume of these spaces must have sufficient volume to meet the criteria for an unconfined space. The total air requirements of all fuel burning equipment or any type of exhaust fan must be considered when making this determination.

Each opening must have a minimum free area of 1 in²/1000 Btu/hr, 140 in²/GPH, 2200 mm²/kW based on the total input rating of ALL fuel burning equipment in the confined area. Each opening must be no less than 100 in², 64,516 mm² in size. The upper opening must be within 12 in., 305 mm of, but not less than 3 in., 76 mm from, the top of the enclosure.

The bottom opening must be within **12 in.**, *305 mm* of, but not less than **3 in.**, *76 mm* from, the bottom of the enclosure.

### All Air From Outside The Building

When installed in a confined space **two** permanent openings communicating directly with, or by ducts to, the outdoors or spaces that freely communicate with the outdoors must be present. The upper opening must be within **12 in.**, 305 mm of, but not less than **3 in.**, 76 mm from, the top of the enclosure. The bottom opening must be within **12 in.**, 305 mm of, but not less than **3 in.**, 76 mm from, the bottom of the enclosure.

Where directly communicating with the outdoors or communicating with the outdoors through vertical ducts, each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 in²/4000 Btu/hr, 35 in²/GPH, 550 mm²/kW of the total input rating of all of the equipment in the enclosure.

Where communicating with the outdoors through horizontal ducts, each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 in²/2000 Btu/hr, 70 in²/GPH, 1100 mm²/kW of the total input rating of all of the equipment in the enclosure. When ducts are used, they must have the same cross-sectional area as the free area of the opening to which they connect. When calculating the free area necessary to meet the make-up air requirements of the enclosure, consideration must be given to the blockage effects of louvers, grills and screens. Screens must have a minimum mesh size of 1/4 in, 6.4mm. If the free area through a louver or grill is not known the louver or grille should be sized per Table 1.

Table 1 - Make-up Air Louver Sizing

Required Cross Sectional Louver Area (in<sup>2</sup>) Wooden Metal Input 1/4", 6.4 mm Louvers Louvers 75% Free Area 25% Free Area (MBH) Wire Screen in<sup>2</sup> cm<sup>2</sup> in<sup>2</sup> cm<sup>2</sup> in<sup>2</sup> cm<sup>2</sup> 10,323 11,614 12,904 14,194 15.485 16,775 18,066 19,354 20,646 21,937 23,227 24,518 25,808 27,098 28,389 29,679 10,310 30,970

# CHIMNEY & VENT PIPE CONNECTIONS

WARNING: The vent installation must be in accordance with the latest revision of Part 7, Venting of Equipment, of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 for gas boilers or ANSI/NFPA 31 Installation of Oil Burning Equipment for oil boilers and the ASHRAE Equipment Handbook on Venting. Canadian installations must comply with CAN/CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code for gas boilers or CSA B140.7 Oil Burning Equipment for oil boilers. All applicable local building codes must be adhered to. Improper venting of this boiler can result in excessive levels of carbon monoxide which can result in severe personal injury or death!

CAUTION: The products of combustion from a RTS must be safely vented to the outdoors while ensuring that the flue gasses do not cool prematurely. It's critical that the chimney system be properly designed to handle the relatively cool flue gas temperatures. An oversized or uninsulated chimney will cause the moisture in the flue gases to condense resulting in damage to the chimney system unless it's specifically designed for condensate. If this is the case a suitable condensate drain must be used to protect the boiler from condensate.

NOTE: Our warranty does not cover corrosion damage to the boiler or its vent system caused by flue gas condensate!

### **Chimney Inspection & Sizing**

If this boiler will be connected to a masonry chimney, a thorough inspection of the chimney must be performed. Ensure that the chimney is clean, properly constructed, lined and properly sized, see Figure 2. Table 2 lists the equivalent breeching and flue sizes required for the RTS & RTS/HE boilers.

Table 2 - Equivalent Breeching & Chimney Size

Boiler Size	Breech	ing Size	Chimn	ey Size
	in	mm	in	mm
RTS-4	10	254	10	254
RTS-5	10	254	10	254
RTS-6	10	254	10	254
RTS-7	12	305	12	305
RTS-8	12	305	12	305
RTS-9	14	356	14	356
RTS-10	14	356	14	356
RTS-11	14	356	14	356
RTS-12	14	356	14	356
RTS-13	14	356	14	356
RTS-14	16	406	16	406
RTS-15	16	406	16	406
RTS-16	16	406	16	406
RTS-17	18	406	18	406
RTS-18	18	457	18	457

Note: These sizes are based on a 20 foot chimney height.

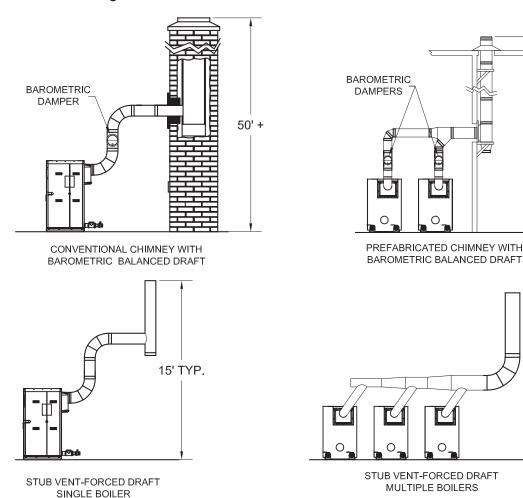
The 28RTS/HE Series is designed for pressurized operation with a maximum back pressure of **0.10 in.**, 2.54 mm WC before the smoke hood slide damper. If the vent configuration results in a maximum back pressure greater than this, the burner capacity may have to be reduced. Contact the Smith Technical Service Department to verify the burner capacity.

The chimney must be able to provide 0.10 in. WC at the boiler outlet. If the chimney is 50 ft. or taller it may produce excessive draft (appox. - 0.25 in. WC) and a barometric draft regulator may be needed.

When more than one piece of combustion equipment is connected to the same chimney flue, the flue must be large enough to safely vent the combined output of all the equipment.

WARNING: If an appliance using any type of a mechanical draft system operating under positive pressure is connected to a chimney flue, never connect a Category I appliance to this flue. Doing so can result in the accumulation of carbon monoxide which can cause severe personal injury or death!

**Figure 2- Vertical Venting** 



# **VENT CONNECTIONS**

WARNING: Never modify or alter any part of the boiler's smoke hood. This includes the removal or alteration of any baffles. Never install a vent pipe of a diameter smaller than that of the boiler smoke hood outlet. Failure to comply with this warning can result in severe personal injury or death.

Locate the boiler as close to the chimney as possible. Use the shortest, straightest vent connector possible for the installation. If horizontal runs exceed **5 ft.**, *1.5 m* they must be supported at **3 ft.**, *0.9 m* intervals with overhead hangers. Use a single wall stainless or single wall galvanized steel vent pipe the same diameter as the flue collar to connect the boiler to a masonry chimney. When using an approved metal chimney system use the appropriate vent connector. The vent connector should be sloped up toward the chimney at a minimum rate of **1/4 in/ft**, *2 cm/m*. On masonry chimneys the connector must terminate flush with the inside of the chimney flue. Fasten each single wall vent connection with at least 3 corrosion resistant sheet metal screws.

The vent materials used in positive pressure vent systems must be certified to UL 1738 for installations in the United States, ULS636 for installations in Canada. The following manufactures have systems that meet these requirements:

50'+

15' TYP.

Heat-Fab, Inc. 38 Hayward Street Greenfield, MA 01301, (800) 772-0739.

Z-Flex U.S., Inc. 20 Commerce Park North, Bedford, NH 03110-6911, (800) 654-5600.

Protech Systems Inc. 26 Gansevoort Street Albany, NY 12202 (518) 463-7284

WARNING: Breeching under positive pressure must be certified to UL 1738 for installations in the United States, ULS636 for installations in Canada. Type B1 vent SHALL NOT be used. Failure to comply with this warning can result in severe personal injury or death.

Always provide a minimum clearance of **6 in.**, *152 mm* between single wall metal vent pipe and all combustible materials.

WARNING: Failure to maintain minimum clearances between vent connectors and any combustible material can result in a fire causing extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

# COMMON VENT SYSTEMS

If an existing boiler is removed from a common venting system, the common venting system may then be too large for the proper venting of the remaining appliances connected to it. At the time of removal of an existing boiler, the following steps shall be followed with each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system placed in operation, while the other appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are not in operation.

Au moment du retrait d'une chaudière existante, les mesures suivantes doivent être prises pour chaque appareil toujours raccordé au système d'évacuation commun et qui fonctionne alors que d'autres appareils toujours raccordés au système d'évacuation ne fonctionnent pas: système d'évacuation

 Seal any unused openings in the common venting system.

Sceller toutes les ouvertures non utilisées du système d'évacuation.

b) Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch and determine there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.

Inspecter de façon visuelle le système d'évacuation pour déterminer la grosser et l'inclinaison horizontale qui conviennent et s'assurer que le système est exempt d'obstruction, d'étranglement de fruite, de corrosion et autres défaillances qui pourraient présenter des risques. c) Insofar as is practical, close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to the common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhaust, so they will operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan for a boiler installation. Close fireplace dampers.

Dans la mesure du possible, fermer toutes les portes et les fenêtres du bâtiment et toutes les portes entre l'espace où les appareils toujours raccordés du système d'évacuation sont installés et les autres espaces du bâtiment. Mettre en marche les sécheuses, tous les appareils non raccordés au système d'évacuation commun et tous les ventilateurs d'extraction comme les hottes de cuisinère et les ventilateurs des salles de bain. S'assurer que ces ventilateurs fonctionnent à la vitesse maximale. Ne pas faire fonctionner les ventilateurs d'été. Fermer les registres des cheminées.

d) Place in operation the appliance being inspected. Follow the lighting instructions. Adjust thermostat so appliance will operate continuously.

Mettre l'appareil inspecté en marche. Suivre les instructions d'allumage. Régler le thermostat de façon que l'appareil fonctionne de façon continue.

e) Test for spillage at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle, or smoke from a cigarette, cigar or pipe.

Faire fonctionner le brûleur principal pendant 5 min ensuite, déterminer si le coupetirage déborde à l'ouverture de décharge. Utiliser la flamme d'une allunette ou d'une chandelle ou la fumée d'une cigarette, d'un cigare ou d'une pipe.

f) After it has been determined that each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas-burning appliance to their previous condition of use.

Une fois qu'il a été d éterminé, selon la métode indiquée cidessus, que chaque appareil raccordé au système d'évacuation est mis à l'air libre de façor adéquate. Remettre les portes et les fenêtres, les ventilateurs, les registres de cheminées et les appareils au gaz à leur position originale.

g) Any improper operation of the venting system should be corrected so the installation conforms with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or ANSI/NFPA 31 Installation of Oil Burning Equipment for oil burners. When resizing any portion of the common venting system, the common venting system should be resized to approach the minimum size as determined using the appropriate tables in Appendix F in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and or CSA B149 Installation Codes.

Tout mauvais fonctionnement du systéme d'évacution commun devrait étré corrigé de façor que l'installation soit conforme au National Fue Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 et (ou) aux codes d'installation CAN/CGA-B149 or ANSI/NFPA 31 Installation of Oil Burning Equipment for oil burners. Si la grosseur d'une section du système d'évacuation doit étré modifiée, le système devrait étré modifié pour respecter les valeurs minimales des tableaux pertinents de l'appendice F du National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 et (ou) des codes d'installation CSA-B149.

# **BOILER ASSEMBLY**

Locate the boiler installation site based on the guidelines set forth in the <u>BOILER LOCATION</u> section.

WARNING: Never install a RTS Series boiler on top of comustible flooring without consulting the local building authorities for proper installation guidelines! Failure to comply with this warning can result in a fire causing extensive property damage, severe personal

### **IMPORTANT NOTE!**

A minimum distance of 3 ft., 0.9 m, must be maintained between the Back Section return port and adjacent construction behind the boiler to allow for RTS installation and removal, Figures 1.

### **Packaged Boilers/Factory Assembled Sections**

A careful inspection of all assemblies should be made to detect possible shipping damage. Packaged boilers and factory assembled blocks of sections are hydrostatically tested at the factory to insure pressure tightness. A hydrostatic retest should be performed before any piping connections are made to detect leaks caused by shipping.

NOTE: All assembled boiler sections shall pass the hydrostatic tests prescribed in Section IV of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

CAUTION: Do not connect any boiler controls during the pressure test or they will be damaged!

Completed boilers must be tested as follows:

Water Boilers – the assembled boiler sections shall be subjected to a hydrostatic test pressure of not less than 1-1/2 times the maximum allowable working pressure.

The hydrostatic pressure shall not exceed the required test pressure by more than **10 psiq**. *70 kPa* during the test.

WARNING: Never leak test the boiler using compressed air! Failure to comply with this warning may result in property damage, severe personal injury or death!

- 1. Plug all openings in the boiler and fill it with water.
- 2. Bleed any air off through one of the top tappings then increase the pressure as outlined above.
- 3. Maintain the test pressure while carefully checking for leaks. If a leak is found it must be eliminated, see Table 4 and supporting text. Once the assembled boiler sections pass the hydrostatic test drain them and remove the plugs from any tappings that will be used in service.

NOTE: The shipping lugs, lifting lugs and metal banding should be removed before installing the jacket on factory assembled sections.

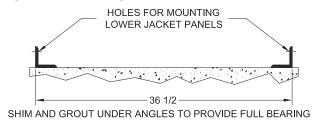
CAUTION: Remove the left jacket panels on fully packaged boilers and ensure that the cleanout covers are secure and gas tight. Loose covers could damage the boiler.

# **Assembly of Knocked-Down Boilers**

Drilled and tapped steel angles are furnished to provide a level footing, ease of section assembly and a point of jacket attachment.

 Set the angles as shown in Figure 3. They must be parallel and level. Grout under the angles to provide a continuous bearing surface.

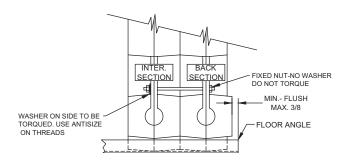
Figure 3 - Steel Angle Placement



2. Carefully place the back section in position on the angles as shown in Figure 4.

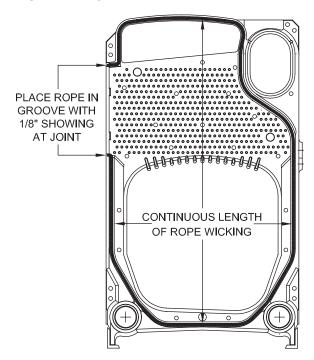
WARNING: The section MUST be fully supported to prevent it from falling! Failure to comply with this warning may result property damage, severe personal injury or death!

Figure 4 - Section Placement



- 3. Clean the hydronic port connector sealing surfaces and the rope grooves with a wire brush to remove any rust or debris.
- 4. Apply two coats of the spray adhesive supplied with the boiler to the rope groove. Allow time for the first coat to dry before applying the second coat. When the second coat is tacky press the rope into the rope groove. Trim the rope off leaving 1/8 in., 3.2 mm extending beyond the surface of the cast iron section, Figure 5.

Figure 5 - Rope Installation



- 5. Insert the large port connector with its steel inner ring into the upper port.
- Insert the two round port connectors into the lower ports with steel inner ring.

NOTE: Apply the spray adhesive supplied with the boiler to the port recess to hold the port connector in place if necessary.

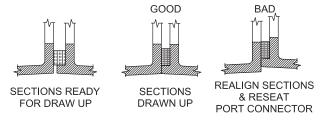
7. Select the correct intermediate section and carefully move it into place against the back section, Figure 4.

NOTE: A putty knife or similar tool can be used to hold the port connectors in place while the intermediate section is positioned. It must be removed before the sections make contact or the port connector will be damaged resulting in a leak!

8. Insert the four draw rods through the casting bosses. Thread nuts onto one end of the rods. Place washers on the other end of the rods before threading nuts onto them see Figure 4. Snug the nuts finger tight. Use a spirit level to ensure that the first two sections are plumb and properly aligned, Figure 6. Check the rope to insure that it's properly positioned. Once the sections are plumb and the rope and port connectors are properly positioned follow the torque sequence shown in Table 4.

Use anti-seize on draw rod and washer, **coating thread** and washer on one end only. Torque the draw rods from the end with anti-seize & washer. Follow the steps as described below. Do not completely tighten one side; gradually work each side using an alternating pattern until the correct torque is reached.

Figure 6 - Section Alignment



**Table 4 - Section Torque Sequence** 

Step	Rod Position	Torqi	ue
		ft lbs	Nm
1	Upper Right	25	34
2	Lower Left	25	34
3	Lower Right	25	34
4	Upper Left	10	14
5	Upper Right	50	68
6	Lower Left	50	68
7	Lower Right	50	68
8	Upper Right	75	102
9	Lower Left	75	102
10	Lower Right	75	102
11	Upper Left	30	42
12	Upper Right	125	169
13	Lower Left	125	169
14	Lower Right	125	169
15	Upper Right	125	169
16	Upper Left	40	54

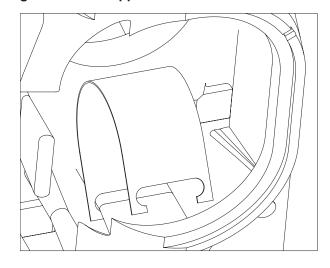
NOTE: With these initial torques the sections may not be metal to metal, which is acceptable. If any of the ports leak during the hydrostatic test the torque can be increased to 200 ft lbs, 271 Nm on the upper right rod. The torque on the lower left and right rods can be increased to 150 ft lbs, 203 Nm. Once the sections are metal to metal additional torque will not improve the seal.

### **RTS Support Bracket Location**

The RTS <u>SUPPORT BRACKET(S) MUST BE INSTALLED</u> <u>DURING BOILER ASSEMBLY</u> in the locations shown in Table 3.

Insert the support bracket through the upper port opening, rotate it sideways and hook one ear over the center of the stay, then the other, Figure 7.

Figure 7 - RTS Support Bracket Installation

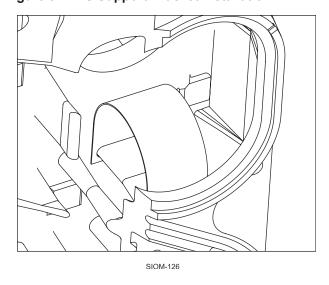


Boiler Section Location Numbered From Front To Back 13 Model 2 5 6 10 12 14 15 16 17 18 3 11 4 F SB Н В F Front Section F Н SB Н В SB 5 Intermediate Section w/ Support Bracket F SB 6 Н Р Н В Н Intermediate Section w/ Heater Opening F SB Н Р Р Н Ρ Intermediate Section, Plain 7 В F 8 Ρ Н SB Н Ρ Н В В **Back Section** F Ρ Ρ Ρ 9 Н SB Н Н В 10 F Н Ρ Н SB Н Ρ Ρ Н В Ρ 11 F Н Ρ Н SB Ρ Ρ Ρ Н В 12 F Н SB Н Р Р Н SB Н Р Н В 13 F Н SB Ρ Н Ρ Ρ SB Н Н В Н F Р Ρ SB Р Р Н SB Н Н Н Н Н 14 В 15 F Н SB Н Ρ Н Ρ Τ Н SB Н Ρ Ρ Н В F Н Ρ Н SB Н Р Н Р Н SB Н Ρ Р Н В 16 17 F Н Ρ Н SB Н Ρ Н Ρ Н SB Н Ρ Н Ρ Н В Ρ SB Н Ρ Ρ SB Ρ Ρ F Н Н Ρ Н Н Н Н Н 18 В

**Table 3 - RTS Support Bracket Locations** 

Push the bracket towards the back of the section compressing the bracket until the front ears are in the middle of the stay. Twist the bracket sideways hooking one ear then the other. Release the bracket and let it spring into position, Figure 8.

Figure 8 - RTS Support Bracket Installation



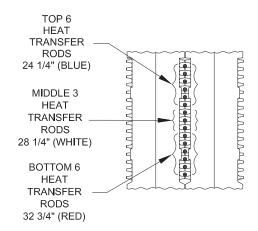
- 9. Assemble the rest of the sections following steps 3 through 8 above.
- 10. Hydrostatically test the boiler by following the instructions on page 8.

- 11. While the boiler is being filled confirm that all of the draw rods are properly torqued and that there are no leaks.
- 12. If any leaks are found tighten the draw rods on that section until the leak stops.

# Heat Transfer Rod Installation, (For HE Models only), Figure 9

The high efficiency 28RTS/HE comes with design certified heat transfer rod sets. Each tube of 15 heat transfer rods will baffle one flue. In order to obtain the high efficiency for which the boiler was designed, the heat transfer rods must be properly installed Figure 9.

Figure 9 - Heat Transfer Rod Installation



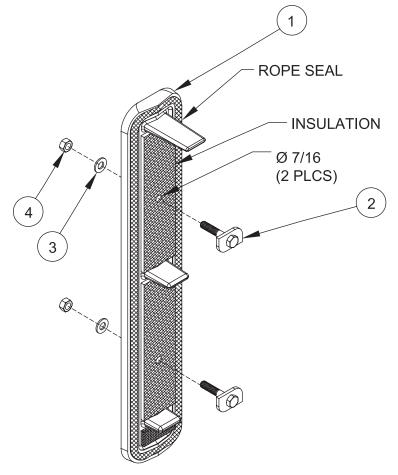
### **Cleanout Cover Installation**

- The cleanout covers come insulated from the factory. Inspect the covers to ensure that the insulation is not damaged or missing. If it is call the Smith Customer Service Department.
- 2. Trim the 1/2 in. rope that's sticking out around the cleanout opening flush with the castings to insure an air-tight seal, see Figure 6.
- 3. Install the cleanout cover bolts from the baffled side of the cleanout cover and start the nuts, Figure 9.
- 4. Rotate the bolts so the cam heads fit between the cleanout cover bosses on the castings.
- 5. Insert the cleanout cover and tighten the nuts to **15 ft lbs**, *21 Nm*.
- Apply a bead of high temperature silicone caulk around the perimeter of the cleanout cover to ensure an air tight seal.

**Burner Mounting Plate Installation, Figure 11** 

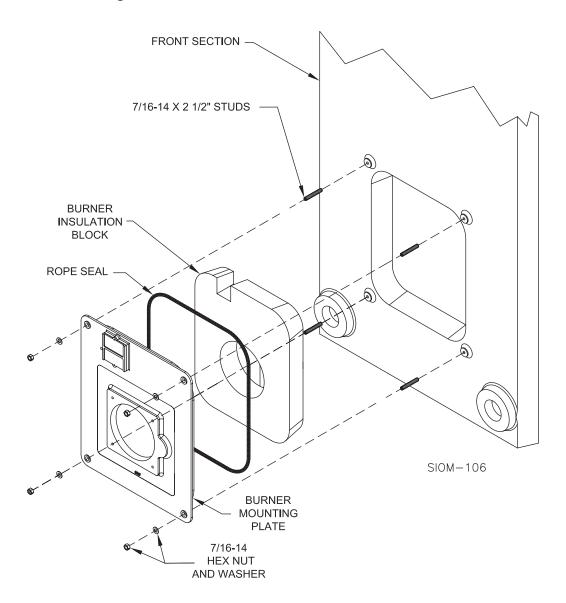
- Apply two coats of the spray adhesive supplied with the boiler to the rope groove on the plate. Allow time for the first coat to dry then apply the second coat. When the second coat is tacky lay the 3/8 in.rope into the rope groove and press in place.
- 2. Screw the four 7/16-14 x 2-1/2 in. studs into the tapped holes in the boiler front section.
- Install the burner mounting plate insulation block in the burner opening in the front section of the boiler.
   The small observation port cutout must be on the top, left side.
- Position the front jacket panel frame over the four studs.

Figure 10 - Cleanout Cover Assembly (Typical)



PART LIST										
ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION								
1	70360	CLEANOUT COVER ASS'Y								
2	57-4001	3/8-16 X 2" HEX HEAD BOLT								
3	62097	3/8 WASHER								
4	57-1001	3/8-16 HEX NUT								

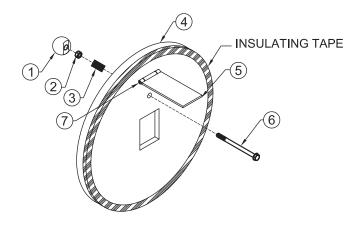
Figure 11 - Burner Mounting Plate Details



# **Observation Port Assembly, Figure 12**

- 1. Position the hinged end of the steel flapper door, item 5, over the boss on the observation port cover, item 4.
- 2. Drive the expansion pin, item 7, through the hinge bosses to secure the door to the cover.
- 3. Insert the hex bolt, item 6, through the hole in the observation port cover.
- 4. Install the spring, nut and knob, items 3, 2 & 1 on the bolt as shown. Use the nut, item 2, as a jam nut against the knob, item 1.
- 5. Apply the insulating tape to the back of the observation port cover as shown.

Figure 12 - Observation Port Assembly



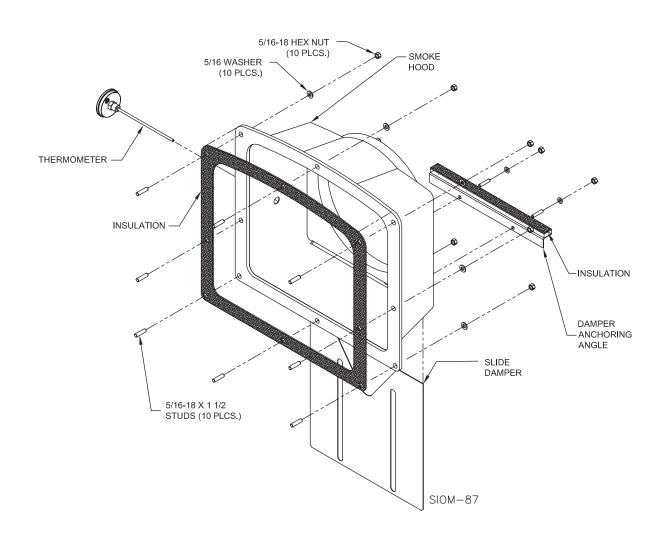
### **Observation Port Installation**

- 1. Screw the four 5/16-18 x 1-1/2 in. studs into the tapped holes around the observation cover opening in the back section.
- Place the observation port cover assembly over the studs and install the washers and nuts. Tighten the nuts uniformly.

# **Smokehood Installation, Figure 13**

- 1. Screw the four 5/16-18 x 1-1/2 in. studs into the tapped holes around the smokehood opening in the back section.
- 2. Apply smokehood insulation tape to smokehood.
- 3. Place the smokehood over the studs and install the washers and nuts. Tighten the nuts uniformly.
- 4. Apply the 1/8 in. x 3/4 in. x 18 in. strip of insulating tape to the damper anchoring angle.
- 5. Fully open the slide damper and leave it ready for adjustment during burner light off.
- 6. Install thermometer (stack temperature gauge).

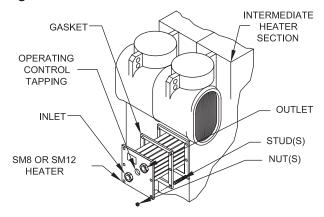
Figure 13 - Smokehood Assembly



### **Tankless Heater Installation - Optional**

- Clean the heater flange to remove any rust or debris.
- Install the four 7/16 in. x 1-1/2 in. studs into the tapped holes in the tankless heater flange on the section, Figure 14.

Figure 14 - Tankless Heater Installation



- 3. Place the heater gasket over the studs and carefully install the heater.
- Install the nuts and tighten evenly to ensure uniform compression of the gasket.

 Install the operating control in one of the heater mounting plates to ensure quick burner response when there is a demand for hot water. Figure 15 illustrates an acceptable piping arrangement for multiple heaters.

### **Burner Mounting**

- Clean the burner mounting flange to remove any rust or debris.
- 2. Install the four 3/8 in. x 1-1/4 in. studs into the tapped holes in the burner mounting plate.
- Use a hacksaw blade, or some other suitable tool, to properly size the opening in the burner mounting plate insulation block to match the burner air tube end diameter.

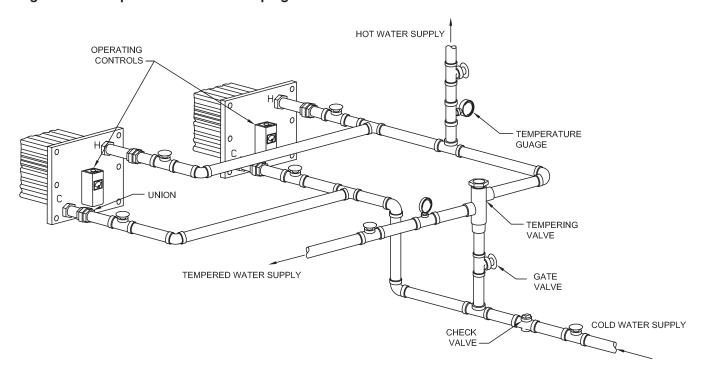
NOTE: The opening should be a close fit, but not too snug or the insulation block may be damaged upon burner insertion!

 Place the burner gasket, supplied with the burner, over the studs and carefully insert the burner into the opening in the burner mounting plate.

CAUTION: Most burners require support to the floor. Follow the burner manufacturer's instructions or the burner may be damaged!

5. Install the 3/8 in. washers and nuts and tighten securely.

Figure 15 - Multiple Tankless Heater Piping



# **GENERAL PIPING REQUIREMENTS**

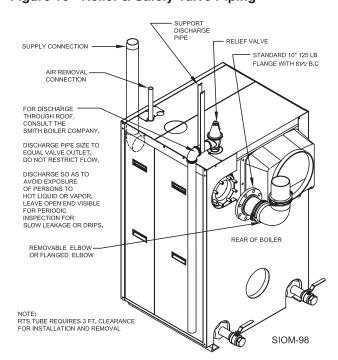
CAUTION: Never use automotive antifreeze in the boiler or heating system. If antifreeze is necessary it must be formulated specifically for hydronic heating systems, such as ethylene or propylene glycol. Failure to comply with this caution will void the warranty!

All heating system piping must be installed by a qualified technician in accordance with the latest revision of the ANSI/ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV or CSA B51. Also ANSI/ASME CSD-1, Standard for Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers where required. All applicable local codes and ordinances must also be followed. A minimum clearance of 1 in., 25 mm must be maintained between heating system pipes and all combustible construction.

CAUTION: Improper piping of this boiler can result in poor performance and premature failure of the boiler voiding the warranty! Improper piping can also cause flooding and extensive property damage!

Ensure that the boiler is level from front to back and from side to side. Use metal shims to level the boiler. NEVER use wood, plastic or other combustible materials as shims.

Figure 16 - Relief & Safely Valve Piping



If a boiler is installed above any radiation elements it must be fitted with a low water cutoff device.

### **Relief & Safety Valve Piping**

Install the pressure relief or safety valve in the 3 in NPT opening in the top of the back section, Figure 18 and Table 5. Use bushings as needed.

WARNING: The discharge of the pressure relief or safety valve must be piped to the floor to prevent scalding in the event of a discharge, see Figure 16. The discharge piping must be sized the same as the pressure relief or safely valve outlet. Never install any type of valve between the boiler and the pressure relief or safety valve! Failure to comply with this warning can result in an explosion causing extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death

Figure 17 - Front Section Tapping Locations

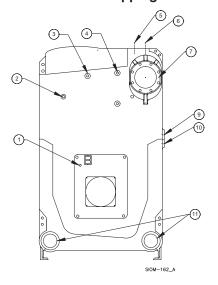
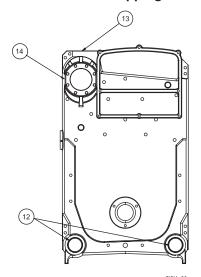


Figure 18 - Back Section Tapping Locations



**Table 5 - Water Tappings** 

Tapping	Size	Water
1	1/8"	Chamber Pressure
2	3/4"	Probe LWCO
3	3/4"	Temp./Pressure Gage
4	3/4"	Operating Control - Top
5	3/4"	Manuel Reset High Limit
6	1"	Air Removal
7	5"	Supply Flange
9	1 1/2"	
10	1"	Water Column - Bottom
11	3"	Boiler Drain
12	4"	Boiler Drain
13	3"	Relief Valve
14		Return Flange

### **WATER BOILER PIPING - RTS**

### **IMPORTANT NOTE!**

A minimum distance of 3 ft., 0.9 m, must be maintained between the Back Section return port and adjacent construction behind the boiler to allow for RTS installation and removal, Figures 1 & 18.

# NOTE: See <u>CLEANING OF WATER BOILERS</u> before proceeding!

The supply and return connections should be sized to suit the system, see Figures 17, 18 and Tables 5 & 6. Do not pipe the supply from a bottom port or the return to the top port, the boiler will not work properly. Typical water boiler piping arrangements are shown in Figure 22. Swing joints should be used.

Install 3 in. nipples into the two 3 in. NPT lower tappings in the front section and cap them.

### **Supply Piping**

Install a reducing bushing at the 5 in. flange in the upper front section to obtain the correct supply pipe size, Figure 17 and Tables 5 & 6.

**Table 6 - Water Boiler Piping Sizes** 

Boiler Size	Return Size	Supply Size
# Sections	NPT	NPT
4 & 5	3"	3"
6 through 9	4"	4"
10 through 18	5"	5"

Note: Sizes based on 20°F, 11.1°C, ΔT for the system.

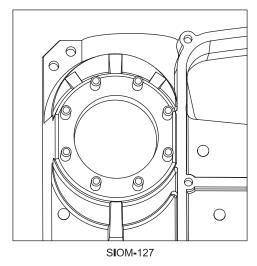
### **Return Piping - RTS Installation**

# NOTE: Install the smoke hood before proceeding.

1. Install 3 in. x 4 in. NPT bushings in the two 4 in NPT tappings at the bottom of the back section. Install two 3 in NPT x 3 in. nipples with ball valves or caps, Figure 16.

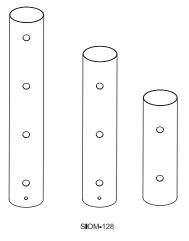
 Once the cast iron sections have been assembled install the eight 3/4 in. x 3 in. studs in the upper rear casting. Apply a thread sealant to the studs before installing them, Figure 19.

Figure 19 - RTS Stud Installation



3. Install a flange gasket over the studs and insert the end tube. Depending on the boiler size the end tube will have two, three or four holes, Figure 20.

Figure 20 - End Tubes



Connect the next section per Table 7 using the brass screws supplied, Figure 21.

NOTE: The large holes must all be facing in the same direction for the tube to function properly.

Take care to guide the tube over the support bracket(s). Attach the flanged end section and slide the flange over the studs, Figure 23.

NOTE: The tab on the RTS flange MUST be in the 9 O'clock position, Figure 23.

**Table 7- RTS Component Table** 

	Flanged	3 Hole	2 Hole	3 Hole	4 Hole	Support
Model	End	Int.	nt. End E		End	Bracket
		70-1202	70-1203	03-1059		
4	1		1			1
5	1			1		1
6	1				1	1
7	1	1	1			1
8	1	1		1		1
9	1	1			1	1
10	1	2	1			1
11	1	2		1		1
12	1	2			1	2
13	1	3	1			2
14	1	3		1		2
15	1	3			1	2
16	1	4	1			2
17	1	4		1		2
18	1	4			1	2

Figure 21 - RTS Installation

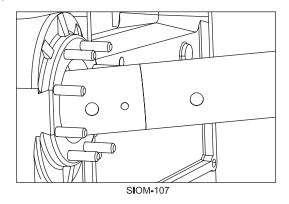
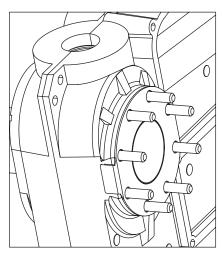


Figure 23 - RTS Installed

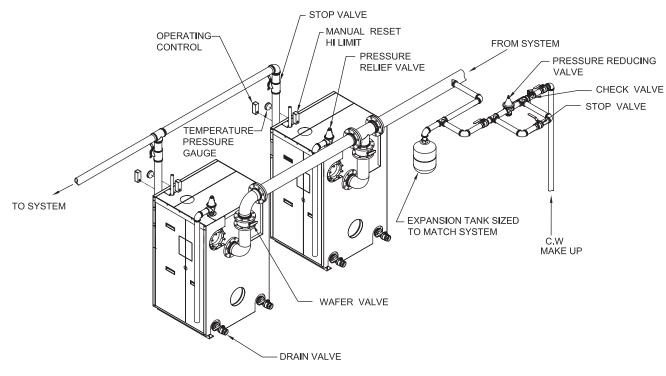


### **IMPORTANT NOTE!**

A removable elbow or section of pipe must be attached to the Back Section return port to allow for RTS removal should maintenance be required. Shut off valves should be used as required.

Install a flange gasket and companion flange or flanged elbow over the studs. Install and torque the nuts supplied with the RTS. The boiler return piping should be sized per Table 6. Figure 22 depicts a typical piping arrangement for a multi boiler installation with the RTS.

Figure 22 - Typical Multiple Water Boiler Piping Arrangement



#### **Control Installation**

Locate the temperature & pressure gage, low water cutoff, high limit and operating controls per Figures 17 & 24 and Table 5. Optional controls must be installed in accordance with the control manufacturer's instructions.

NOTE: The front jacket panel MUST be installed before any controls are attached to the front boiler section!

CAUTION: The controls must be mounted in the correct location and according to the control manufacturer's instructions or the boiler may not function properly!

### **Piping For Use With Cooling Units**

The boiler, when used in connection with a refrigeration system, must be installed so the chilled medium is piped in parallel with the boiler. Appropriate valves must be used to prevent the chilled water from entering the boiler.

When a boiler is connected to a heating coil that may be exposed to refrigerated air from an air handling device, the piping system must be equipped with flow-control valves or some other automatic means of preventing gravity circulation of the boiler water during the cooling cycle.

### **Cleaning Of Water Boilers**

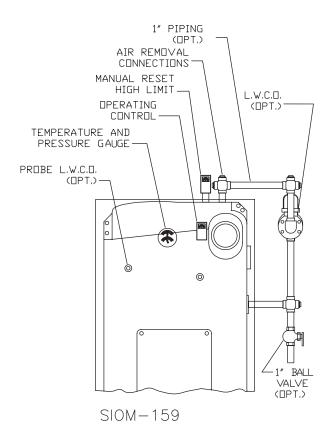
Normally the cleaning of water boilers is unnecessary unless there is unusually heavy contamination of the boiler or system.

The burner must be installed and made operational along with the operating, limit and other safety controls. The burner on oil boilers must be adjusted to prevent sooting of the boiler flues.

Final burner adjustment should be made after the boiler has been properly cleaned.

WARNING: The pressure relief valve must be installed and piped to the floor to prevent scalding in the event of a discharge, see Figure 16. The discharge piping must be sized the same as the pressure relief valve outlet. Never install any type of valve between the boiler and the pressure relief valve! Failure to comply with this warning can result in an explosion causing extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

Figure 24 - Boiler Control Locations



- Install ball valves on the two 3 in. NPT nipples in the bottom of the front section and pipe to a suitable drain.
- 2. Fill the boiler 3/4 full with water.
- 3. Make a cleaning solution by mixing **1 lb**, *0.45 kg* each of caustic soda and trisodium phosphate for every **50 ga**, *189 L* of water, Table 8.

**Table 8- Boiler Water Content** 

Boiler	Water	Boilers
Model	Gallons	Liters
4	123	466
5	150	568
6	177	670
7	204	772
8	231	875
9	258	977
10	285	1079
11	312	1181
12	339	1283
13	366	1386
14	392	1484
15	419	1586
16	446	1689
17	473	1791
18	500	1893

NOTE: The water content of the heating system must be added to the boiler water content.

CAUTION: Avoid skin contact with cleaning solution to prevent injury! If eye or skin contact occurs flush with large quantities of water.

NOTE: Some locations do not allow this solution to be used. Check with the local authority having jurisdiction.

- Mix the cleaning chemicals with water to create a concentrated solution. Pour the cleaning solution through one of the top tappings in the front section and plug it.
- 5. Immediately fill the rest of the boiler and the heating system with water.
- 6. Fire the boiler and maintain a water temperature of 160°F to 200°F, (71°C to 93°C) it may be necessary to cycle the boiler.
- 7. Run all of the system pumps during the cleaning procedure.

WARNING: Monitor the boiler pressure constantly during the cleaning procedure. Do not allow the boiler pressure to exceed the pressure listed on the pressure relief valve or a discharge of hot water and steam will occur!

- 8. Shut the boiler off and allow the boiler to cool to 100°F, 38°C. Open the 3 in. ball valves and drain the boiler and heating system.
- 9. Remove the 3 in. ball valves and install 3 in. pipe caps on the ends of the 3 in. NPT nipples.
- 10. Refill the boiler and heating system with water.

# **BURNER INSTALLATION**

WARNING: The burner must be installed in accordance with the burner manufactures instructions. Check the boiler rating plate to make sure that the boiler is for the type of fuel that will be used. If it isn't, do not connect the burner to the fuel supply. Failure to comply with this warning can result in extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

Follow the burner manufacturer's installation instructions for the proper installation, fuel piping, wiring, burner adjustment and servicing. Mount the burner per the instructions on page 15.

When applicable, provisions for vent, bleed and gas relief lines must be made in accordance with the latest revision of ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.

WARNING: Never use an open flame to test for gas leaks. Always use an approved leak detection method. Failure to comply with this warning can cause extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

Whenever the gas supply piping is pressure tested the boiler gas controls must be protected. If the test pressure is equal to, or less than **1/2 psig**, 3.5 kPa isolate the boiler by closing the manual shut off valve in the gas supply pipe to the boiler. If the test pressure is greater than, or equal to **1/2 psig**, 3.5 kPa, disconnect the boiler and its individual shut-off valve from the gas supply.

### **ELECTRICAL WIRING**

### **Electrical Power Connections**

CAUTION: Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation! Verify proper operation after servicing.

The electrical connections to this boiler must be made in accordance with all applicable local codes and the latest revision of the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA-70. Installation should also conform with CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part I if installed in Canada. Install a separate circuit properly rated for the boiler. A shut-off switch should be located at the boiler.

The boiler must be grounded in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction, or if none, the latest revision of the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA-70.

Line voltage field wiring of any controls or other devices must conform to the temperature limitation of type TEW wire at **95°F**, *35°C* above room temperature. Use copper conductors with a minimum size of #14 awg.

# **BOILER OPERATION**

WARNING: Before proceeding read and fully understand the instructions contained in this manual. Do not attempt to operate this boiler if it has not been installed in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this manual. Failure to comply with this warning can result in extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

CAUTION: The supply temperature of a boiler set for a 20°F, 11°C temperature rise must not be below 140°F, 60°C for an oil boiler, 149°F, 65°C for a gas boiler. Failure to protect the boiler from low return water temperatures will damage the boiler, voiding the warranty!

### **Water Boilers**

Fill the boiler and all of the radiation with water to the required system pressure. Completely purge the system of air and adjust the system pressure as needed.

CAUTION: Thermal shock of water boilers must be avoided! Water circulation must be established before the burner is fired. If hot standby is required, special piping and operation procedures are necessary, consult your Smith representative. Failure to protect the boiler from thermal shock can damage the boiler, voiding the warranty!

### **Water Boilers**

Follow the burner manufactures lighting instructions that were supplied with the burner.

WARNING: Never attempt to start the burner if the combustion chamber contains excess oil or gas, when the boiler is full of vapor or the combustion chamber is very hot. Failure to comply with this warning can result in an explosion causing extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

A properly adjusted gas burner on high fire will produce a maximum CO<sub>2</sub> of 10.4% with a maximum CO of 300 ppm. When firing on oil at high fire, the burner should be adjusted to produce a maximum CO<sub>2</sub> of 13.4% with only a maximum trace of smoke. The flue gas samples should be taken at the smoke hood. Confirm proper burner adjustment with a calibrated combustion analyzer.

CAUTION: If the flue gas temperature exiting the smoke hood is less than 320°F, 160°C at full rated input, the number of heat transfer rods in the boiler must be reduced. Failure to protect the boiler from low flue gas temperatures will shorten the life of the boiler and breeching and void the warranty!

### Flue Temperature Adjustment

- 1. Shut the boiler off and remove the left side jacket panels and cleanout covers, Figure 10.
- Remove the bottom heat transfer rod from each flue, Figure 9.
- Replace the cleanout covers and fire the boiler for at least 15 minutes.
- Check the flue temperature. If it's greater than 320°F, 160°C, reseal the cleanout covers and install the left side jacket panels.
- 5. If the flue temperature is still less than **320°F**, *160°C*, repeat steps 1 through 4.

# **BOILER CHECKING & ADJUSTMENT**

CAUTION: Never increase the input to the boiler above that for which it is rated. Doing so can cause premature failure of the boiler!

### **Low Water Cutoff**

Ensure that the low water cutoff device(s) function(s) properly. Test in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions included with the device(s).

### **HI Limit**

The aquastat high limit controls the maximum water temperature in the boiler. It is adjustable from **140°F**, 60°C to **240°F**, 116°C. If the water temperature reaches the set temperature before the demand for heat has been met, the aquastat high limit should shut the boiler off. The water temperature should never exceed the maximum set point of **240°F**, 116°C. The aquastat high limit cannot be repaired. If it fails to function properly replace it.

# **BOILER MAINTENANCE**

WARNING: Servicing, inspection and adjustment of the boiler must be done by a trained technician in accordance with all applicable local and national codes. Improper servicing or adjustment can result in property damage, severe personal injury or death!

The boiler should be cleaned and inspected once a year, before each heating season.

### **Heat Exchanger Cleaning**

A flue temperature over **550°F**, *288°C*, indicates that the boiler needs to be cleaned.

- Shut off the electrical power and the fuel supply to the boiler.
- 2. Remove the left side jacket panels.
- 3. Remove the cleanout covers, Figure 10.
- Remove the heat transfer rods, Figure 9, and clean them with a wire brush if they're dirty.
- 5. Clean each flue passage with a wire brush.
- If heavy deposits are present, pull the burner and vacuum out the combustion chamber.
- Vacuum out the burner base and clean and inspect all of the components. Replace any damaged or badly corroded parts.
- 8. Install the heat transfer rods in the correct order, Figure 9.
- 9. Inspect the cleanout cover insulation and rope seal. If damaged or deteriorated replace them.
- 10. Install the clean out covers and reseal them with a silicone caulk rated for **500°F**, *260°C*.

- 11. Install the left jacket panels and remount the burner.
- 12. Restore electrical power and fuel to the boiler.

#### Oil Filters & Strainers

Oil filters and strainers must be cleaned or replaced as necessary. Follow the filter or strainer manufacturer's instructions.

### **Vent System**

Thoroughly inspect the vent system for any signs of blockage, corrosion or leakage.

Immediately replace any unsound vent system piping.

#### **Controls**

- Low water cutoff devices must be serviced per the manufacture's instructions.
- The relief valve should vent water when the test lever is lifted. It should not weep or discharge water at normal system pressure.

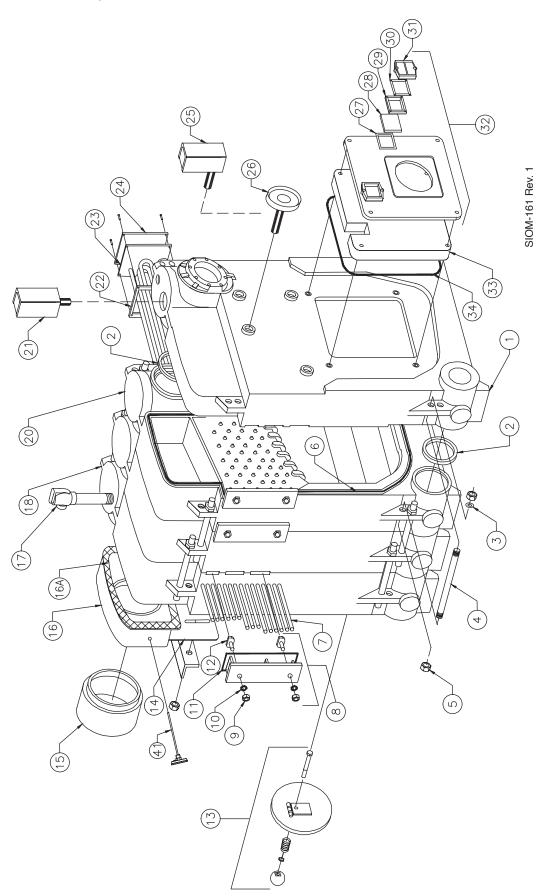
WARNING: Never try to clean or repair the relief valve! If the valve fails to operate properly, replace it! Failure to comply with this warning can result in an explosion causing extensive property damage, severe personal injury or death!

 Use a combustion analyzer to ensure that the burner is adjusted properly, see BOILER OPERATION.

### WATER TREATMENT

Water treatment is not a boiler requirement it is a system requirement. If Graphite Port Connectors were used in the assembly of this boiler, water treatment should not pose any problem.

Figure 25 - Boiler Assembly



		Number of Sections with Item Quantities Below															
Ref#	Name of Part	Part #	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Front Section with Flange Connection	01-3702	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	Graphite Port Connector Set	60375	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
3	Draw Rod Washers	62099	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	68
4	5/8" x 11" Draw Rods	60102	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	68
5	Draw Rod Hex Nuts	60877	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96	104	112	120	128	136
6	Rope, 1/2" x 12 1/2 feet	70660	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
7	Heat Transfer Rod Set (HE only)	70063	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
8(2)	Cleanout Cover Assembly (HE only)	70593	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
9	Cleanout Cover Nut	57-1001	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
10	Cleanout Cover Washer	62097	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
11	Cleanout Cover Rope Seal, 3/8" x 45"	76538	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	Cleanout Cover Bolt (HE only)	57-4001	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
13	Rear Observation Port Assembly	70614	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		69371	1	1	1	1	1										
14	Slide Damper	69372						1	1	1	1	1					
		69373											1	1	1	1	1
15	Flue Outlet Increaser, 16" to 18"	69904														1	1
	Smoke Hood Assembly, 10"	70633	1	1	1												
4.0(1)	Smoke Hood Assembly, 12"	70611				1	1										
16(1)	Smoke Hood Assembly, 14"	70612						1	1	1	1	1					
	Smoke Hood Assembly, 16"	70613											1	1	1	1	1
16a	Smokehood insulating tape	74301															
	3/4" Water Relief Valve, 40 lb.	61997	1														
	1" Water Relief Valve, 40 lb.	61998		1	1												
17	1 1/4" Water Relief Valve, 40 lb.	61999				1	1	1	1								
	1 1/2" Water Relief Valve, 40 lb.	62000								1	1	1	1				
	2" Water Relief Valve, 40 lb.	62002												1	1	1	1
18	Back Section	01-3700	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Intermediate Section, Plain with Boss	3622											-				
20	Intermediate Section, Plain w/o Boss	3658				Se	ction	quar	ntities	base	ed on	mod	el orc	lered			
	Int. Section w/ Heater Opening w/o Boss	3623															
21	Hi Limit Control, L4006E	50507	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	Tankless Cover Plate or Coil Gasket	60327				'											
	Tankless Heater, 8 GPM, 30 L/min	50653					0.					1		1			
23	Tankless Heater, 12 GPM, 45 L/min	50655					QL	iantiti	es da	asea	on m	oaei	oraer	ea			
24	Tankless Cover Plate Assy. w/Gasket	70628	1														
25	Operating Control, L4006A	50511	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
26	3 1/2" Temperature/Pressure Gage	60290	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
27	Observation Glass Gasket, Inner	60317									1						
28	Observation Glass	60326	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	Observation Glass Holder	60314	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30	Observation Glass Gasket, Outer	60318	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	Observation Glass Cover Plate	3420	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

<sup>(1)</sup> Smokehood assembly includes the smokehood, slide damper, angle bracket and hardware.
(2) Cleanout cover assembly includes the cleanout cover, insulation, rope and mounting hardware.

		Number of Sections with Item Quantities Below															
Ref #	Name of Part	Part #	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
ns	Rear Observation Port Hardware	71301	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Burner Mounting Plate Assembly, 9"	70641															
32 <sup>(3)</sup>	Burner Mounting Plate Assembly, 10 1/4"	70640		Burner mounting plate determined by burner selection													
32(%)	Burner Mounting Plate Assembly, 12 1/2"	70510															
	Burner Mounting Plate Assembly, 7 3/4"	ate Assembly, 7 3/4" 70669															
ns	Burner Mounting Plate Hardware	71267	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1														
33	Burner Mounting Plate Insulating Block	69645	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
34	Burner Mounting Plate Rope Seal, 1/4" x 7'	60026	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
n/s	Can of Spray Adhesive	70492	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
n/s	Flue Brush	60090	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
41	Stack Thermometer	51383	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	DTC Commonwells																
	RTS Components																
	Flanged End	70-1201															
_	3 Hole Int. Tube	70-1202															
_	2 Hole End	70-1203		See Table 7													
_	3 Hole End	70-1204															
_	4 Hole End	70-1205															
_	Support Bracket	03-1059															

<sup>(3)</sup> Burner mounting plate assembly includes the burner mounting plate with the observation glass and cover.



Any appliance that burns natural gas, propane gas, fuel oil, wood or coal is capable of producing carbon monoxide (CO).

Carbon Monoxide (CO) is a gas which is odorless, colorless and tasteless but is very toxic.

If your Smith boiler is not working properly, or is not vented properly, dangerous levels of CO may accumulate. CO is lighter than air and thus may travel throughout the building. **BRIEF EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF CO, OR PROLONGED EXPOSURE TO LESSER AMOUNTS OF CO MAY RESULT IN CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING.** 

# EXPOSURE CAN BE FATAL AND EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS MAY RESULT IN THE SUDDEN ONSET OF SYMPTOMS INCLUDING UNCONSCIOUSNESS.

Symptoms of CO poisoning include the following:

dizzinessvision problemsshortness of breathheadachesloss of muscle controlunclear thinkingnauseaweaknessunconsciousness

The symptoms of CO poisoning are often confused with those of influenza, and the highest incidence of poisoning occurs at the onset of cold weather or during flu season. A victim may not experience any symptoms, only one symptom, or a few symptoms. Suspect the presence of carbon monoxide if symptoms tend to disappear when you leave your home.

The following signs may indicate the presence of carbon monoxide:

- Hot gases from appliance, venting system, pipes or chimney, escaping into the living space.
- · Flames coming out around the appliance.
- Yellow colored flames in the appliance.
- · Stale or smelly air.
- The presence of soot or carbon in or around the appliance.
- Very high unexplained humidity inside the building.

If any of the symptoms of CO poisoning occur, or if any of the signs of carbon monoxide are present, VACATE THE PREMISES IMMEDIATELY AND CONTACT A QUALIFIED HEATING SERVICE COMPANY OR THE GAS COMPANY OR THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

To reduce the risk of CO poisoning, have your heating system "tuned up" by a licensed heating contractor or the gas company -- preferably before each heating season. Also have the service company check your chimney or vent pipes for blockage.

Your home should also be adequately ventilated, particularly if you have insulated your home.

# ONLY QUALIFIED, LICENSED SERVICE CONTRACTORS SHOULD PERFORM WORK ON YOUR SMITH BOILER.



Install, operate and maintain unit in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to avoid exposure to fuel substances or substances from incomplete combustion which can cause death or serious illness. The State of California has determined that these substances may cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. Also, install and service this product to avoid exposure to airborne particles of glasswool fibers and/or ceramic fibers known to the State of California to cause cancer through inhalation.

In an effort to continually improve our products, Smith reserves the right to make changes without notice.

